

# Accounting with Gestan: the main principles

 **Fix Me!** A1 proofreading not yet effective for this page. In the meantime, you can ask any questions on the [forum](#).

If the accounting of a small business can be kept using a simple spreadsheet, as long as the activity represents a certain volume, or the entrepreneur has responsibility for employees, the use of a professional accountant is essential, because he guarantees accounting that complies with accounting and tax standards, and can provide valuable assistance to the company's strategic decisions.



From the generation of "basic" accounting results to the development of an elaborate balance sheet, Gestan knows how to support you in all configurations.

Gestan's accounting tools make accounting entry accessible to all administrative staff, without the need for accounting training. The bank reconciliation tool as well as the entry justification tool allow you to have an accurate basis at all times, and thus have accounting data available in real time.

The accounting data entered can be exported from Gestan, in the native format of your accountant's software, which will no longer need to be re-entered. He will be able to concentrate on his added value: checking the compliance of accounts, producing tax documents, analyzing the balance sheet and providing management advice.

With Gestan, you will love accounting!

 To go further: [General presentation of Gestan's accounting functions](#).

## The "Accounting" setting

Gestan comes with a default chart of accounts, list of accounting codes to use. Via [the chart of accounts management screen](#), you can modify all the accounts, or load another chart of accounts, depending on your country. The OHADA chart of accounts is available.

The accounting settings are based on a few simple screens:

- The configuration of [classes and accounts](#), which will allow you to define accounting classes (if different from those by default), journals, and specific accounts to use
- Setting up [accounting journals](#), very simple

- The configuration of [VAT rates](#), and any accounting codes linked to them, by rate
- The [accounting imputations](#), which makes it possible to make a link between a nature of flow (for example "Office rent" or "Market sales") and the accounting codes used for operations.
- If you want to go deeper into the accounting assignments, you can configure [accounting connections](#)

It is recommended to carry out this configuration, in particular the imputations and possible accounting links, with your accountant. If necessary, the Gestan teams are at your disposal to help you with this configuration (see [accounting assistance](#)).

## The Accounting workflow

Gestan allows you to enter customer invoices and credits, supplier invoices and credits, and record receipts and disbursements linked to these documents, as well as any other receipts or disbursements.

Entry of entries is carried out in three simple steps:

### 1 - Entering receipts/disbursements

The first step consists of entering receipts/disbursements, for example, I paid 1000 of monthly office rent, or this client paid me this invoice.

It is normally carried out over time (which allows you to see the status of your cash flow in real time), via the list of entries screen in ["mode normal"](#).

Imputations (i.e. a plain label to designate the nature of the expense or revenue, for example "EDF", "Parking", or "Pro revenues") allow them to be automatically linked to the appropriate accounting codes.

💡 The entries can be broken down, that is to say taking into account their composite nature with regard to accounting and VAT.

❓ Find out more about [entry of entries](#)

❓ Find out more about [ventilation des entries](#)

## 2 - The score (bank reconciliation)

The accounting of entries, or bank reconciliation, is carried out upon receipt of your bank statement.

It consists, via the use of "[pointing mode](#)" of the entries list screen, to check that the entries that you have entered are strictly consistent with those recorded by your bank, transmitted in the bank statement.



? Learn more about using in ["pointing mode"](#) the list of entries screen

? Learn more about managing [bank account statements](#)

### 3 - Checking supporting documents (VAT score)

This step consists of verifying that for each receipt/disbursement impacting VAT, whether it is a restaurant expense, transport expense, equipment expense, etc., the company is in possession of the corresponding supporting documentation: note from restaurant, highway ticket, supplier invoice.

The sales part is justified by default: from the moment you have collected an amount with VAT following an invoice recorded in Gestan, the operation is considered justified, since by definition you own the invoice.

? Find out more about [justification of entries \(VAT score\)](#)

## VAT declaration

All the entries, duly noted and justified, are the basis which will allow you to declare VAT in a strictly accurate manner, thanks to the quality of upstream entry.

The VAT declaration program produces:

- a statement detailing the entries taken into account for the calculation
- the pre-filled CA3 declaration (CERFA France).

No more tedious calculations on the 18th of the month in the evening!

? Find out more about the [VAT calculation program](#)

? Find out more about [VAT orders](#)

## Data produced by Gestan

This entry and control process allows you to have reliable accounting data available in real time:

- the [accounting journals](#)
- the [Grand livre](#)
- the [balance](#)
- the [third party balance](#) (customer balance)
- the [customer outstanding](#)
- the [income statement](#)
- the [immediate cash flow](#)
- the [cash flow forecast](#), via the ad hoc extension
- the [products and charges by imputation](#)
- the [detailed breakdown by tax rate](#)

For the edition of the balance sheet, this data can be transmitted to the accounting department in two ways:

- via the export of invoices and entries, via a simple right-click on the corresponding screens, or by using the dedicated extension (in this case, the export is carried out in single part)
- via [XIMPORT export](#), which produces files that can be directly integrated into the software used by the accounting department (in this case, the export is carried out in double entry).

 Learn more about [accounting code assignment priorities](#)

## Accounting closing

At the end of the accounting year, you can then generate a closing balance with Gestan.

Furthermore, it is possible to enter management balances, in order to take into account, for example, the balances calculated for the previous financial year by another accounting software, for example.

 Learn more about the [closing balance](#)

## Multiple currencies management

Gestan allows you to work with several currencies: for example, a company can have customers who pay it in euros, and others in dollars, while it pays certain suppliers in euros, and others in dollars.

The principle is that all data will be recorded in the reference currency, the one you have chosen in the [general parameterization](#) as being the most common sales currency. And in case it is necessary, the expression currency and exchange rate will be stored in the same record.

## Customer billing

When you save your products in your catalog, you enter them in the reference currency (that of the general settings). Thus, you will produce customer invoices in reference currency.

If your customer's currency is not your reference currency, you must express your customer invoice in the customer's currency. To do this, the context menu of the list of invoices contains the item **Specific options**, which opens the screen below.

Options particulières Facture

## Options du document

Options d'édition Région et identité

Langue Français

Code devise USD 1 Devise appli : EUR

Taux de change 1,17259400 1,00 EUR = 1,17 USD  
1,00 USD = 0,85 EUR

Nb décimales 2

TTC EUR 172,80

TTC USD 202,62

Ident comm SOFAR

OK ✓  
Annuler ✕

You can enter the ISO code of any currency in the **Currency code** field and use the 1 button to retrieve today's exchange rate (on the ECB website). You can also manually enter the exchange rate. When printed, the invoice will be printed in the reference currency.

At checkout, you will receive a payment in the customer's currency, which will be indicated on the checkout pop-up.

Encaissement facture

## Encaissement

Date encaissement 02/05/2026 Régime Normal

EUR 172,80 USD 202,6242

Compte bancaire Banque pro

Imputation Ventes de biens

Réglé par DRATEY DAISY

Libellé Rglt FC 22 - Vins du Beaujolais

Mode de paiement Carte

Pièce en USD.  
1 USD = 1.172594 EUR

Valider ✓ Annuler ✕

In the event of a significant variation in the exchange rate between issuance of the invoice and receipt of payment, an entry for exchange variation may be necessary.

## Supplier invoicing

For suppliers, it's the same principle, in reverse.

Supplier prices will be managed not in the suppliers' usual currency, but in your reference currency.

When you save the supplier's invoice, you save it in your base currency, and convert it according to the exchange rate indicated by the supplier, or the exchange rate at the time of payment, depending on the purchasing agreement .

## Accounting documents

All accounting documents can be expressed in the currency of your choice.

To do this, simply select the currency via the context menu of the **Currency** field. Below for example is the accounting journal generation screen.



## Operating modes with an external accountant

There are three classic operating modes, from manual to automatic operation:

### Transmission of invoices only

You only record customer invoices and their payments. You only transmit the list of invoices and their status (collected or not), via a right click on the list (you can also use the [TRANSCOMPTA](#) extension for this.

You will also need to send them your supporting documents (supplier invoices, expense reports, etc.) in the form of papers or scans, for inspection.

### Transmission of invoices and entries

You record your customer and supplier payments in Gestan, and you tally and justify the documents. You send your accountant the list of customer invoices with a simple right click, and the list of entries with the same right click (you can also use the [TRANSCOMPTA](#) extension for this.

You send them the supporting documents in paper form or deferred scan, possibly on the closing date of the financial year.

### Automatic transmission, in the format of your accountant's software

As in the previous case, you record your customer and supplier payments in Gestan, and you tally and

justify the documents, and you automatically export your accounting data in full, in the format of its software. This way, your accountant no longer has to make any entries.

**We recommend this mode**, after having carried out, in consultation with the accountant, a configuration of Gestan's accounting imputations, according to the desired "granularity".



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## Other ☐ Accounting ☐ articles

- [Accounting closing / Accounting years](#)
- [Accounting document options](#)
- [Accounting entries](#)
- [Accounting entries](#)
- [Accounting journals](#)
- [Accounting links](#)
- [Accounting settings](#)
- [Accounting with Gestan: the main principles](#)
- [Bad debts](#)
- [Balance](#)
- [Bank account statements](#)
- [Bank or cash accounts](#)
- [Billing by tax rate](#)
- [Certification of cash register software - NF525 standard](#)
- [Chart of accounts](#)
- [Delivery of checks](#)
- [Documents without imputation](#)
- [Export CFONB](#)
- [Fixed assets](#)
- [General Ledger](#)
- [Income and expenses](#)

[Income statement](#)  
[Lettering](#)  
[Log codes](#)  
[Mass links: entries](#)  
[Micro-Enterprise / Self-Enterprise](#)  
[Payments](#)  
[Pointing of supporting documents for VAT](#)  
[Review entries](#)  
[SEPA Export](#)  
[Third party balance](#)  
[VAT calculation](#)  
[VAT orders](#)  
[XIMPORT export of accounting data](#)

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